

Weight Management: Healthy Eating

Food is your body's fuel. You can't live without it. The key is to give your body enough nutrients and energy without eating too much. Reading food labels can help you make healthy choices. Also, learn new eating habits to manage your weight. Nutrition labels are being redesigned by the FDA to emphasize the number of calories being consumed as well as the amount of more nutrients. These include added sugars, vitamin D, and potassium.

Nutrition Facts	
8 servings per container	
Serving size 2/3 cup (55g)	
Amount per serving	
Calories 230	
% Daily Value*	
Grams (g) of total fat in 1 serving	Total Fat 8g 10%
	Saturated Fat 1g 5%
	Trans Fat 0g
Grams (g) of saturated fat in 1 serving	Cholesterol 0mg 0%
Grams (g) of trans fat in 1 serving	Sodium 160mg 7%
Grams (g) of fiber in 1 serving	Total Carbohydrate 37g 13%
	Dietary Fiber 4g 14%
	Total Sugars 12g
	Includes 10g Added Sugars 20%
	Protein 3g
	Vitamin D 2mcg 10%
	Calcium 260mg 20%
	Iron 8mg 45%
	Potassium 235mg 6%

All the values on the label are based on one serving. The serving size is the average portion. Remember to multiply the values on the label by the number of servings you eat.

Eat less fat

A gram of fat has almost 2.5 times the calories of a gram of protein or carbohydrates. Try to balance your food choices so that only 20% to 35% of your calories comes from total fat. This means an average of 2½ to 3½ grams of fat for each 100 calories you eat.

Eat more fiber

High-fiber foods are digested more slowly than low-fiber foods. This helps you feel full longer. Try to get at least 25 grams of fiber each day for a 2000 calorie diet. Foods high in fiber include:

- Vegetables and fruits
- Whole-grain or bran breads, pastas, and cereals
- Legumes (beans) and peas

As you start to eat more fiber, be sure to drink plenty of water. It will help keep your digestive system working smoothly.

Tips

Do's and don'ts include:

- Eat a variety of foods, not just a few favorites.
- If you find yourself eating when you're not hungry, ask yourself why. Many of us eat when we're bored, stressed, or just to be polite. Listen to your body. If you're not hungry, get busy doing something else instead of eating.
- Eat slower, shooting for 20 to 30 minutes for each meal. It takes 20 minutes for your stomach to tell your brain that it's full. Slow eaters tend to eat less and are still satisfied, while fast eaters may tend to over eat.
- Pay attention to what you eat. Don't read or watch TV during your meal.
- If you are already overweight, ask your healthcare provider for a referral to a dietitian who can help you make better choices regarding all types of foods.

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